ELECTION NOTICE,

NOTICE OF ELECTION

N accordance with section 74 of the Charter of the City of Memphis, I will open and hold an lection in all the wards of the city of Memphis, on

Thursday, 17th day of January, 1878,

for One Mayor of the city of Memphis; Two Councilmen from each of the several wards; One Alderman each from the Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh and Ninth Wards; and One School Visitor from each of the several wards. The General Council having appointed the Judges and Clerks and designated the voting places, I hereby appoint the officers named to hold the said election.

First Ward.

Voting Place—Northwest corner of Winchester and Main streets. Judger—Tim Consondine, H. C. Ashbrook and P. Keins. Clerks—J. L. Eichberg and T. E. Cullins. Deputy sheriff—John H. Leslie.

Second Ward.

Voting Piace—Poplar street Enginehouse. Judges. Stephen Fransiola, Martin Cohen and John B. Ford. Clerks—James Lawrence and W. J. McKeon. Dep-uty-sheriff—S. Dreyfus.

Third Ward.

Voting Place—Southwest corner of Jefferson and Second streets (Meriwether Building). Judges—J. P. Meux, John T. Powell and James Lee, Jr. Clerks— W. S. Pickett and A. A. Smithwick. Deputy-sheriff—

Fourth Ward.

Voting Place—No. 357 Second street. Judges—A W. Tayler, R. F. Brown and J. T. Elliott. Clerks— Bob Lockwood and Frank Murphy. Deputy-sheriff— Ben K. Pullen.

Fifth Ward.

Voting Place—In the building on the northwest orner of Beale and DeSoto streets. Judges—W. W. Goodwin, John Botto and D. P. Cooper. Clerks—W. 3. Myers and A. C. Parker. Deputy-sheriff—James

Sixth Ward.

Voting Place—Waldran Block, 450 Main street udges—W. Gay, D. Gensberger and C. B. Church Zerks—J. T. Lawler and C. W. Edmonds. Deputy heriff—R. G. Portlock.

Seventh Ward.

Voting Place—North side of Beale, west and near Memphis and Charleston R. R. crossing. Judges—Minor Meriwether, R. D. Jordan and F. A. Jones. Clerks—A. J. McLenden and J. S. Carpenter. Deputy-sheriff—M. McMahon.

Eighth Ward.

Voting Place—Poplar street, opp. Markethouse, Judges—G. D. Crockett, W. Harrington and C. D. Madden. Clerks—M. Cunningham and T. B. Mynatt. Deputy-sheriff—W. D. Cannon.

Ninth Ward.

Voting Place—No. 50 Fifth street, corner of Mill. Judges—W. B. Glisson, P. M. Dickinson and W. H. Neal. Clerks—F. W. Buttinghaus and G. L. Wil-liams. Deputy-sheriff—T. T. Taylor.

Tenth Ward.

Voting Place—Squire Flemming's house, west
Main, between Carolina and Broadway sts. Judges—
H. Rocco, B. P. Anderson and M. Fitzgerald. Clerks—
W. M. Rootes and J. L. Goodloe. Deputy-sheriff—
George L. Williams.
Hours of election from 9 o'clock a.m. to 5 o'clock
p.m. Officers holding the election will return the
ballot-boxes and poll-books to me, at the County
Courtroom. The ballot-boxes and poll-books will be
furnished at my office on Wednesday, the 16th.
C. L. ANDERSON, Sheriff Shelby county.

HATS.

STEEL PENS.

De Of superior ENGLISH manufac-

ture, and justly celebrated for Elastic-

ity, Durability and Evenness of Point,

THE SPENCERIAN

STEEL PENS

on receipt of 25 cents.
IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & CO.
138 and 140 Grand St., New York.

DRAWING.

CLOSING RATES Yesterday of cotton and gold: Liverpool cot ton, 6 3-8d. Memphis cotton, 10 3-4c. New

Frieans cotton, 10 7-Sc. New York cotton 11 3-8c. New York gold, 102 3-8. WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CE. Sto. OFFICE, | WASHINGTON, JANUARY 12. 1 a.m. | For Tennessee and the Ohio calley, rising

followed by falling barometer, south and east · winds and warmer, partly cloudy weather.

OBSERVATIONS YESTERDAY. WAR DEP'T, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY, FRIDAY, January 11, 1878, 10:08 p.m. Place of Bar. Ther Dir. Force. W. M. M'ELROY, Sergeant.

THE New York cotton exchange yesterday adopted a resolution in opposition to the

THE Kentucky legislature had two more ballots yesterday for United States senator, both resulting in Williams, 54; Lindsay, 50; M'Creary, 20; Boyd (Rep.), 13.

THE London Times thinks that the Bank of England, as regards discount business, has profited but little by the reduction of its rates, as bills in open market are taken at 21/4@21/4 discount.

A Paris correspondent states that M. Renan's book, Les Evangeles; Bishop Reinkens's Treatise on Lenity of the Catholic Church, and Dr. Frederick's History of the Vatican Council, have been placed under condemnation at Rome.

THE royal message was read to the Spanish congress yesterday announcing the approaching marriage of King Aifonso. The marriage will be postponed a few days, from the date originally fixed, in consequence of the death of Victor Emmanuel.

appointed by Governor Vance chief-justice of the State in place of Laborator Merrimon will be the State in place of Laborator Vance chief-justice of Merrimon will be the previous question was not seconded the State in place of Judge Pearson, deceased. In such event indications are that W. T. Dortch, of Goldsboro, or J. M. Leach without change of Lexington, will be Merrimon's successor in

THE funeral of the late M. Francois-Vinent Raspail, the distinguished French chemist and historian, whose death was reported in our Paris disputches Wednesday, will take place in Paris to-morrow, M. Louis Blanc delivering the oration. M. Raspail was born in January, 1794, was educated for the church, out devoted his life to the law and natural ciences. The originator of organic chemstry, he was the author of many scientific articles, especially on chemistry. He was notorious for democratic opinions, and proved himself so zealous in his political inclinations that he became the object of a clinations that he became the object of a his reasons for refusing to recognize the presseries of prosecutions under the reign of ent government of Mexico under General Diaz, Louis Philippe, which, while augmenting his popularity, cost him six years imprisonment. He did not, however, neglect his scientific studies, as several of his most valuable works were composed in prison. He took a prominent part in the revolution of 1848, and the following year was sentenced to five years imprisonment, during which incarceration he was twice elected to the chamber of deputies, but of course did not sit. On being liberated, in 1854, he resumed his scientific pursuits, residing in Belgium until 1869, when he was returned to the corps legislatif. In conjunction with his young colleague, Henri Rochefort, he advocated the most extreme socialistic opinions, both in the French chamber and in the press, and finally cast his lot with the commune. His funeral to morrow in the cemetery of Pere la Chaise will be

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

largely attended.

A Workingman's Notions. EDITORS APPEAL-I am, as all who know me will suppose, a radical Anderson man; but do not on that account suppose that I am not willing to give full justice to the APPEAL as the champion of some of the best interests of the workingmen. Your consistent and valuable efforts to uphold the public schools entitle you to to the thanks of the community, and you may readily believe that you will be supported in your efforts by the whole strength of the Workingmen's organization. We would rather educate the children of the poor than even pay the bondholders, and if we cannot afford to do both, we will complacently see the bondholder wait. I cannot, f course, pray for the success of your candi-

date, but heaven preserve us from Flippin.
G. W. GILL, M. W. M. C. The Eighth Ward Flippin Meeting. EDITORS APPEAL-As everybody was invited, your correspondent attended the meeting of the Flippinites in the eighth ward, at Hippel's saloon, on Poplar street, and the ering that was visible was indeed a picture to behold. The auditorium was the cold and damp ground back of the saloon; the stage consisted of the cistern-top, a dry goods | Price, of Iowa, to promote the deposit of box and a beer table for the eminent speakers, and two benches seated the audience, which was composed of thirty-two colored men—
half of whom were Johnson men—seven
white men, and they were Garrett, Eaton.

to issue certificates of deposit of the United
States of the denomination of ten dollars,
twenty dollars, fifty dollars and one hundred chooles, a constable and policeman, the dollars each, which certificates shall bear inbarkeeper and your writer—twenty-two boys, | terest at the rate of 3.65 per cent per annum. and one little girl who lived in a neighbor- | Certificates thus issued shall be deposited in ing yard, but sat on the fence as a "looker- such amounts as the secretary of the treasury on." On motion, Shoemaker Trowbridge may direct, with any postmaster of a postal was chosen presiding elder, and an elderly money-order office of the United States, on looking man he was, for the position puffed condition that all such certificates so deposited him so full of vanity that he remained seated shall be paid for by such designated deposihim so full of vanity that he remained seated in his chair until the last man had left the meeting, then he heaved a sigh, wondering when auch honors would again be laid on him. Following him came the truthful Phillips, who preached the "gospel" of Flippinism in tones that rocked the earth, and treading a hole at his same time through the cistern. He was rescued from fainting, when he bid his friends to stand by the rich man and the He was rescued from fainting, when he bid his friends to stand by the rich man and the bondholder, if they never got a crurab to feed their families on. Garrett got up, but his heart was too full for utterance at the vast congregation that surrounded him, and his friends to stand by the rich man and the bondholder, if they never got a crurab to feed their families on. Garrett got up, but his heart was too full for utterance at the vast congregation that surrounded him, and after striking the workingmen some hard raps, for he spoke of the strikes on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad last year, he wound up on President Lincoln's famious anecdote of "swapping horses on a bridge," and pointing out the vote cast for Johnson as on the "road to damnation," the vote for Anderson "leading to perdition," and the vote for Flippia as "rushing to the woods "as the only means to escape the two evils above stated. Garrett will never rush to the woods, but on election day he will be hauled in a push-cart amid the jeers and contempt of all respectable white men. Eaton the strated of the united States banking law to hold, at its option, two-thirds of all reserve now resided here are required for the condition have the memorial to the committee on federal relations is the last of it.

CAPTAIN EADS

will leave been settled. The impression here is that the reference of the memorial to the committee on federal relations is the last of it.

CAPTAIN EADS

will leave for St. Louis as soon as he obtains his money. The secretary of the treasury of any designated at the United States are required to receive any and adout of 12 yd, 1870. The bill further provides that all national banking law of the United States are required to receive at the united States are required to receive any designated of it.

CAPTAIN EADS

will leave for St. Louis as soon as he obtains his money. The secretary of the treasury promised to have the matter attended to impression here is that the reference of the memorial to the committee on federal relations is the last of it.

CAPTAIN EADS

will leave for St. Louis as soon as he obtains principal and interest, in coin of the standard principal and interest at the rate of four the relations of it.

CAPTAIN EADS

will leave been settled. The impression here is the that the of all respectable white men. Eaton then got up to give advice. But the Appeal articles on Flippin were his prompter, for now and then he would he head and punch his parts butten. scratch his head and pinch his pants-button to jog his memory on what he was going to say. His speech was on the "whang-doodle" order, and pitiable throughout for its incoherent sentences. Gwin, a colored man, then engaged the remains of the audience, which had dwindled away to a dozen men and boys in all, while Mulvihill, Quigley, Ed Shaw, and others drank the whisky supplied by the People's party, and entertained the boys privately in the salcon. At this point every one had dwindled away to a dozen men and boys in all, while Mulvihill, Quigley, Ed Shaw, and others drank the whisky supplied by the People's party, and entertained the boys privately in the saloon. At this point every one began leaving, and when your writer left three cheers and a long tiger were given for Johnson and his party.

Pickup.

In a state of for the day of the expectation as state of for the done cigar. The tax on twelve cigarettes, will smoke he where he smoked one cigar. The tax on three cigars. He holds that the decrease is due entirely to the facility with which cigar-makers can purchase small quantities of leaf tobacco, take the house of representatives by Mr. Sapp [lowa] to give constructed into the house of representatives by Mr. Sapp [lowa] to give constructed into the house of representatives by Mr. Sapp [lowa] to give construction to the specie resumption act

WASHINGTON.

Dull Day in the House-The Senate Not in Session-The Work of Various Committees The National Woman Suffragists.

Price's Postoffice Depository Bill-The Union Pacific Railway System-Another Resumption Bill Introduced in the House.

The President Pardons a Few Arkansas Criminals-The So-Called Steamboat Bill-Appropriations-Cabinet Discussions, Etc.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, January 11.-The speaker

laid before the house several executive docu-The following bills were introduced and re-By Mr. Price: To promote the deposit of savings and the refunding of the national

By Mr. Lapp: To give construction to the act for the resumption of specie payments; also, authorizing the secretary of the treasury to issue coupon bonds of the denomination of fifteen, twenty-five, fifty and one hundred dollars for the investment of sav-

On motion of Mr. Bragg, leave was given the military committee to have the testimony taken by it printed, and to report at any time. Mr. Hale made the point of order that the

business which occupied the house yesterday should come up to-day as unfinished business.

The speaker overruled the point, as to-day was private bill day.

Mr. Hale then raised the question of consideration, and the house voted to set aside private business and to resume the considera-tion of unfinished business of yesterday. Mr. Hale moved the previous question, a substi-tute reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole, which is to the effect that the committees desiring to make the investigation may at any time apply to the house for leave to send for persons and papers, but re-quiring them to present the statement of the charges.

Mr. Hale made the point that the commit-

tee of the whole having rejected the proposi-tion now presented, the house could not be asked to vote upon it. The speaker after some colloquy overruled the point of order, but stated that the vote must be first taken on the report of the com-mittee—that is, on Mr. Hale's substitute. insert the words, "authorizing the committees to apply to the house for power to send for persons and papers." The amendment was rejected—yeas, 106; nays, 111.

The next vote taken was on Mr. Wood's substitute, offered to-day, being the resolution as originally presented, and it was adopted.

ed—yeas, III; nays, IIO. Mr. Cox [N. Y.] asked leave to offer a resolution asking the President to communicate with such orders, correspondence, and other documents as relate to that subject.

Mr. Hale—That matter is before the proper committee of the house. I object. Mr. Cox—I simply ask its reference to the committee on foreign affairs. Mr. Hale-I have no objection to that.

The resolution was so referred. the committee on ways and means to inquire into the management of those ports of entry

whose expenses are larger than their receipts. to the President without any recommenda-tion. There was a good deal of discussion on one private bill, but no bill was passed. Mr. Kelly presented petitions from Philadelphia, New York, Boston and other cities for the passage of a law giving to all persons, without preference, permission to establish telegraphic communication between the United States and foreign countries, and the violeties of all amplications for explosions. the rejection of all applications for exclusive

Adjourned until Monday.
After adjournment a Democratic caucus
was announced for Monday afternoon. General Items.

THE TARIFF AND TAX QUESTION. The ways and means committee this mornng continued the informal discussion of the tariff and tax question, and, without action, adjourned until Tuesday next, when Secre-tary Sherman will appear before them.

THE TEXAS TROUBLE INVESTIGATION. Lieutenant-Colonel Shafter, of the Twentyfourth infantry, commandant of Fort Clark, Texas, was before the committee on foreign affairs to-day, but his testimony was similar to that given a few days ago to the commit-

THE NATIONAL WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS. The senate committee on privileges and elections to-day heard the arguments of a number of delegates from the National woman suffrage convention.

The bill introduced in the house by Mr. savings and the refunding of the national debt, authorizes the secretary of the treasury

TIONS

tion of legal-tender notes outstanding or re-deemed on and after January 1, 1879, but reestroying said notes so as to reduce their total amount below three hundred and fifty million dollars, it being declared to be the in-tent of the bill to provide for a continuance of that amount as a part of the circulating medium of the United States.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY SYSTEM. The President has received a communication from Judge Usher, President Lincoln's secretary of the interior, on the subject of a resolution of inquiry, recently adopted by both houses of congress, relative to the enforcement of the laws requiring the Union Pacific railroad and branches to be operated as one continuous line, without discrimination. He suggests that congress empower the President to appoint a commissioner who. the President to appoint a commissioner who, under the secretary of the interior, shall prescribe rules and regulations for the operation of all roads in the Union Pacific system, with power to compel an observance of the same, or to take absolute possession of the road in case the companies rebel. In urging the necessity for such power, he says, in conclusion: "After an experience of more than ten years with these companies, and with an intimate knowledge of their management and the numberless opportunities open to them to evade the obligations imposed by law, I am certain that the only way to compel them to their duty and keep their statute contracts i to meet them face to face with ample power.' A FEW ARKANSAS CRIMINALS PARDONED BY

THE PRESIDENT. Upon the recommendation of the United States attorney and the judges of the west-ern district of Arkansas, the President has commuted to imprisonment for life the sen-tences of William J. Meadows and Thomas Robinson, convicted of murder, and Joshua Wade, convicted of rape, and sentenced to be hanged on the eighteenth instant.

THE SO-CALLED STEAMBOAT BILL. The house committee on commerce to-day authorized their chairman to report back the so-called steamboat bill, with a recommendation for its passage. The bill, as agreed upon by the committee, is amended in accordance with the views of the National board of steam navigation.

CABINET DISCUSSIONS. cabinet was in session nearly two hours, with all the members present, except-ing the secretary of the navy. Matters of routine only are said to have been under conroutine only are said to have been under consideration, although, after other members of the cabinet had departed, Secretary Evarts remained in consultation with the President upon the subject of the appointments of assistant-commissioners to the Paris exposition—the number of applications for which are by no means decreasing, while there seems to be a corresponding difficulty in making selections.

President does not consider that at the present the steamer should be allowed to leave port, and accordingly instructions have been sent to the proper officials for her further deten-

ing Secretary Schurz was asked whether he had any statement to make with reference to The previous question was seconded, and the first vote was on Mr. Burchard's amendment to the original resolution, which was to fact, Mr. Schurz said he had not time to resign at present. A few changes in the Indian bureau will probably be made soon.

HOME TRUTHS FOR THE PRESIDENT. Special to the Cincinnati Enquirer.] Washington, January 9 .- A. J. Warner, of Marietta, Ohio, arrived in this city to-day from an extended trip in the south. Mr. Warner says that he finds that the business men of the south unite with the sentiments of those in the west—that forced resumption means financial ruin. He says the southern people have not studied as generally the inancial question as have the people of the west; but he found it to be universally the case that when they understood the subject they became convinced that Sherman's policy was wrong. To-night Mr. Warner had an audience with the President, and gave him Mr. Luttrell offered a resolution instructing | the benefit of his experience in sounding the public pulse on the silver bill in the south. He told the President that Lamar and Ben Hill did not represent the feeling of their con-The house then considered private business.
Among the reports made was one from the claim of Antonio Pelletier for indemnity from the government of Hayti. The report was laid on the table and a resolution adopted that the papers in the case be transmitted to the President without any recommends. people of the west should make such a demonstration in favor of the Bland bill pure and simple, as will convince the Presi-

> BECRETARY SHERMAN said to-day that he had not notified the syndicate of a termination of their contract for placing the four percent, loan. By the terms of the contract entered into on the ninth of June last, he could terminate it any time after December 31st by giving ten days' notice. He said he was, however, considering whether it would be better to give notice or not. In all probability he will not, because he says he needs the powerful aid of those bankers, and at his interview with them in New York they expressed themselves as satisfied with his scheme for a popular loan. It has been said authorized by law is fifty dollars. The interest on a bond of that denomination, payable quarterly, is fifty cents per quarter. He says he will not only not ask legislation, but will oppose any proposition for smaller bonds, because of the expense and trouble they would occasion the treasury. Dispatches received from different reasons. occasion the treasury. Dispatches received from different parts of the country promise a

reasonable success of the loan. The memorial introduced by Montgomery Blair in the Maryland legislature yesterday, to commit that body in favor of a judicial inquiry to ascertain who was elected President at the recent Presidential election, pro-duces but little effect here. True, Repub-licans of the Bill Chandler school are jubilant politicians in the country. While there are nany who would like to see investigation for one cause or another, not one has the slight-est hope of removing Hayes from office. Blair is an aspirant for the seat in the senate

spent two days with the commissioner of internal revenue, for the purpose of convincing him that the reduction was caused by fraud.

Mr. Straiton says that the increased use of cigarettes ought rather to increase the revenue, because a cigar-smoker, changing to cigarettes, will smoke five where he smoked one cigar. The tay on twelve cigarettes is

declares that it does not authorize the collection of legal-tender notes outstanding or replenty of law to require that a farmer shall deemed on and after January 1, 1879, but requires them to be paid out again as legal-tenders. The bill also proposes especially to prohibit the secretary of the treasury from

tucky, Virginia and other tobacco States, col-lecting tobacco from small producers, to whom they are notiknown. The regulations require that the producer shall furnish revenue agents any information in their pos-session as to the disposition of their tobacco; but the information is seldom asked for, and if obtained, would be utterly worthless. He insists that it is the commis-sioner's duty to enforce the law, so that the sioner's duty to enforce the law, so that the government can follow the tobacco from the grower to the consumer or export vessel. He believed that the largest amount of fraud was carried on in New York and Philadelphia in this way: A wholesale leaf dealer sells leaf tobacco for export, delivers the proper certificates to the exporter, makes the roper entries on his books, and has done al the law requires. The exporter sells his to-bacco at a profit and delivers the certificate to some one not responsible to the govern-ment, and the tobacco is not exported. It is sold in quantities of two to ten pounds to cigar-makers, who make from one dollar to five dollars a day, even selling their cigars at half price, and the government gets no tax. He charges that the strikers in New York have pursued this business without check, and have traded or sold cigars boldly at the grocery stores and beer salcons. The com-missioner asked him why complaint had not been made before. He said it had repeatedly been made, and the names and places stated. He advised the commissioner to send a special detective to New York to work up the hints thus given. Mr. Straiton further urged, as a means of stopping the sham export frauds in

he goods on shipboard. MISSISSIPPI.

The Legislature at Work on Many Important Matters-Reduction of Salaries, for Instance-The Passage of the Silver Bill by Congress Urged.

Special to the Appeal. JACKSON, MISS., January 11.-The tele graph office was closed last night before the adjournment, hence no report. Business is lively. The legislature is going to work on many important matters.

Propositions are now pending to reduce the salaries of all State officers. Some of them I think are proposed to be put at too low figures. Senator King has offered a joint resolution

sumption act. nator Furiong tion instructing the United States senators in regard to the port of Vicksburg.

Resolutions locking to railroad taxation and freight tariffs are pending in both

The senate took a test vote to-day upon the

constitutional convention proposition, and the opposers beat the favorers by twenty-five to The governor was inaugurated last night, and the other State officers sworn in. The indications are that the legislature will follow in the footsteps of the Democratic legislature of 1876 and 1877 in every particular. The appear to be determined to reduce the State expenses to the lowest amount

The Panola county contested election case-Buchanan, Independent, versus Moody, Democrat—has been referred to a committee. A bill to sell the governor's mansion was introduced to-day; also, to reduce sheriffs' and county treasurers' salaries; also, to regulate the sale of cotton-seed for manufacturing

In the senate: To appropriate one hundred thousand dollars to defray the expenses of the legislature, which passed; and a resolu-tion by Senator Bills regulating the railroad taxation A committee has been appointed to investi-gate the alleged charges of lawlessness in Amite and Pike counties.

Nothing is now being done except the initiation of business. As it progresses to a finality my reports will be more lengthy. CHICAGO SCANDALIZED.

The Board of Trade of Chicago after the Originators of the Alleged Commercial Scandals Recently given to the

CHICAGO, January 11.—An organized effort seems to have been made of late to spread abroad distressing rumors of financial embarrassments in this city. So wild and reckless have the bogus newsmongers become that to-day reports were current on the street that two or three of the staunchest of Chicago's jobbing houses had suspended, or would suspend, and that one of the heaviest of the New York firms was on the verge of bankruptcy. The rumors were followed up, and ruptcy. The rumors were followed up, and not one authenticating fact was discovered. These efforts to break down our credit are doubtless put forth by financial wreckers, who hope thus to "bear" the prices of real estate and produce, and provisions, and to make a handsome speculation out of the results of their crime. Public sentiment is becoming aroused on the sublic sentiment is becoming aroused on the sub-ject, and summary punishment will be meted

New York, January 11.—This afternoon a tramp entered the basement of the Fumistals bagging factory, 256 and 258 Water street, Brooklyn, and was ordered away. bag of jute, and in a moment it was in flames, which rapidly extended to the lower part of the factory, where there were one hundred and thirty girls employed, who had british ambassador, has informed the Porte

The Western Union Telegraph Com-pany's Rights in Pennsylvania. PHILADELPHIA, January 11.—A quo war-ranto having been issued at the instance of

FOREIGN NEWS.

Turbish Town Surrendered to th Montenegrins - No Armistice Arranged Yet, but Negotiations Still Pending-Turkey Must Treat with Russia,

And the Armistice Must be Based upor the Conditions of Peace-The Montenegrin Army in Motion-An Insurrection Imminent in Macedonia.

dered this morning in consequence of the capture by storm yesterday and Wednesday of Garitza, Venik, and all other hights commanding the fortress of the town. The fighting had lasted five days. The Service less is considerable. vian loss is considerable.

Athens He advised the commissioner to send a special detective to New York to work up the hints thus given. Mr. Straiton further urged, as a means of stopping the sham export frauds in the future, to require that notice be given the collector of the intention to export, and that the collector send an inspector who shall see and at the time of his death chief of the Greek revolutionary committee. St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, January 11.-The Russian journals, in commenting on the capture of the Turkish army in Schipka Pass, point out that this is new evidence that the Turk-ish power of resistance is utterly broken, and remarks that the cabinets at both Constantinople and London must understand the necessity of recognizing in the approaching ne-gotiations the decisive military situation created by the Russian army.

Constantinople. CONSTANTINOPLE, January 11-8:30 a. m. -An armistice has not yet been arranged, but the Porte has received the Russian answer to the Turkish communication propo-

of an armistice without a basis for peace.

Rome, January 11.-King Humbert I has ordered the Italian court to go in mourning for six months. It is said that Humbert, though originally in favor of Turin, is now disposed to agree to Victor Emmanuel's being interred in Rome, but will consult his brothers. Signor Marcini intends to introduce a bill in parliament appointing the Pantheon as the future burial place of the Savoy family. The Fanfulla reports that Victor Emmanuel said on his death-bed: "I have always felt affection and deference towards the person of the pope. If I have personally displeased him, I am sorry; but in all my acts I have always had the consciousness of having ful-filled my duties as a citizen and prince, and of never having committed anything con-

trary to religion.

Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, arrived here to day. The medal which had been decreed to him by the late king was privately presented.

LONDON, January 10.—The body of Victor Emmanuel has been embalmed. It is stated that the cardinal vicar has granted the basilica of Santa Maria Maggiore for the funeral ceremony. The Italian clerical jourforgiveness for his sins. Later telegrams say this statement is authoritatively contradicted, and declares that Victor Emmanuel made no declaration which could give the lie to his glorious life as an Italian king. Several municipalities have already resolved to erect statues to the late king. The champers have been summoned to reassemble on

In connection with the reported commencement of hostilities between the insurgents and Turks, in Crete, a recent Athens letter says the Greek revolutionary committee, of which Bulgaries is chief, had invited the Cretans to send deputies to the assembly hall to decide the question of annexation to Greece. Revolutionary battalions were to be raised, but only two were actually formed. The Turkish government has only five bat-talions of Rediffs, but intended to organize the Mahomedan inhabitants. The Turks seem decided to only hold the towns on the coast, and leave the interior to the insurgents.

If all the christian men join, the insurrection will number about fifteen thousand rising Cretes. There is intense excitement at Athens, and the revolutionary committee is urged to

order a rising in Thessaly, but the government has dissuaded Bulgaries from precipitate action.

London, January 11.—A correspondent states that the dismissal of General Ducrot was a personal act of President MacMahon, who has been much discusted by the inwho has been much disquieted by the im-pression produced on the public mind by the Limoges affair.

The St. Petersburg Golos to-day prints a special dispatch from Vienna which contra-dicts the St. Petersburg dispatch to the Lon-don Times of the 7th, that it was rumored

Austria and Germany had vetoed the idea o opening the Dardanelles to Russian vessels only, and that Russia had consequently determined not to raise the question at all. The Golos's telegram says that Austria has not discussed this question with Germany and Russia. A dispatch from Berlin says that Russia is negotiating with the other Baltic powers for the purpose of prohibiting the When going out he struck a match against a war vessels of non-Baltic powers from enter-

licans of the Bill Chandler school are jubilant over it, and affect to regard it as the beginning of a war-dance on the part of the Democratic papers in this vicinity denounce Blair's resolution, and regard him as one of the most impracticable politicians in the country. While there are conditions of peace," could only express the grand duke's views. It is said that this view was confirmed, as Mr. Layard pointed out, by (*rand Duke Michael's reply, who, when asked to open negotiations for an armistice, answered that he was without instructions in the matter. It is also declared est hope of removing Hayes from office. Blair is an aspirant for the seat in the senate now held by Dennis, and he probably presented the memorial in the hope that it would aid his ambitious views. For the same purpose he will make himself prominent until after the senatorial questions having been issued at the instance of the attorney-general against the Western Union telegraph company, to show by what authority they exercised the rights and franchises of a telegraph company in this State, a petition was filed to-day in the office of the leaves been estilled. The impression here is also declared that Mr. Layard has informed the Porte that the British ambassador at St. Petersburg had been instructed to express to Prince Government of a telegraph company in this State, a petition was filed to-day in the office of the treat for an armistice, and to remind Prince

informant knows the feeling at headquarters, and says that there is a strong disposition to prevent, or at any rate delay the armistice as

need not send an envoy as the grand duk would take charge of his interests.

A Pera correspondent sends the following:
"The Porte has refused to allow the questions of peace and armistice to be considered together, as it was understood that these questions were to be kept separate

during the preliminary negotiations. I believe the Porte has determined that a defense of Adrianople is virtually impossi-ble. The ministerial changes are regarded as favorable to peace, but opposed to the sep-arate arrangement desired by Russia." Hasudi Pasha, the new grand vizier, favors a dignified and honorable peace.

An imperial order giving notice of th changes in the ministry, says the Turkish de

CETTINJE, January 11.—Antivari surrendered unconditionally to the Montenegrins yesterday.

Belgrade.

who will be tried when peace is established. The order expresses the hope that the new ministry will make such arrangements as will guarantee the integrity and independence of the country.

It is officially stated that the term of th armistice proposed by Turkey is for six weeks.

A correspondent at Vienna states that at Shipka Pass the Russians captured twenty-eight thousand men, one thousand horses, twelve mortars, twelve siege guns, and eighty field guns. The Cossacks have cut the Yam-boli railroad. A Bukarest correspondent says that con-

tradictory reports in regard to the conditions of the armistice continue. The Russians have probably not yet made any proposals, but all reports current point to severe conditions.

A rumor is in circulation in Berlin that the Russians demand the evacuation of the Dan-ube fortresses and the withdrawal of the Turks to a line of demarcation between Adrianople and Phillipopolis.

It is rumored that Grand Duke Nicholas hademanded the surrender of Adrianople as a

The Ohio Republicans in Caucus. COLUMBUS, O., January 11.-The Republicans of the generally assembly held a cau-cus to-night to select a candidate for whom they would cast their vote for United States senator. The names of James A. Garfield, Thomas T. Young and W. P. Howland were presented. Howland refused to be a candidate. Eight ballots were had without a nomination, and although persistent efforts sing an armistice, intimating that the negotiations must be conducted on the basis of eventual peace conditions. The Porte has not yet replied.

The Porte has not yet replied.

The reply of the Grand Duke Nicholas to the Turkish commander-m-chief that he would refer the latter's overture for an armistice to St. Petersburg, states that negotiations could only be conducted with himself ballot withdrawn. On the eleventh ballot it denouncing the presidential fraud; also instructing the United States senators to vote for the silver bill, and the repeal of the reblank at the joint convention next Tuesday.

Died of Apoplexy. DAYTON, January 11.—The body of Richard C. Anderson was found dead in a field near the river, this afternoon. He went to the pasture to see the horses kept there and was taken with a stroke of apoplexy. body lay exposed for twenty-four hours be-fore it was discovered by the family. An derson was of a prominent Kentucky family a strong Union man and a member of the Kentucky legislature, was a classmate of President Hayes and W. K. Rodgers, the President's secretary. A dispatch of condo-lence from the President, this evening, states his intention of being present at the

Pittsburg River Telegram. PITTSBURG, January 11-Noon.-River feet 4 inches, and rising. Weather cloudy and mild. Ice is still running out of the Monongahela; the Allegheny ice is still in.

At Brownsville the Monongahela is 12 feet 5 inches, and rising; weather cloudy; thermometer 39½ deg. At Oil City the Allegheny is 13 inches, and rising slowly; the ice in the creek broke last night; the river ice is still in Night—River 8 feet 11 inches still in....Night—River 8 feet 11 inches and rising. Weather cloudy and mild. The nals declare that the dying king be-fore receiving the viaticum asked the pope's at three o'clock this afternoon, and has since broke at Oil City and above. Both rivers are rising at points above.

Disasters at Sea. SAN FRANCISCO, January 11.—The Hud-son Bay company's bark Lady Thompson, with an assorted cargo, while entering Es quimeault harbor, Vancouver's Island, this morning, ran upon a rock, and will probably be a total loss The bark Osmyn, from Seattle for San Francisco, collided with the bark Aureola, on the ninth instant, near Narrow Stone Point,

injured. Biled Out and Ready for Work. St. Louis, January 11.—Senator Blaine, Representative Eugene Hale, and Ex-Secre-tary of the Navy Robeson, who have been spending some days at Hot Springs, Arkan-sas, arrived here this morning, and left im-mediately for Washington. The parties are in fine spirits and in good health, the waters of the springs having been very beneficial

Heavy Snow-Storm. Poughkeepsie, January 11 -A heavy snow-storm occurred in Delaware county last night. The snow is nearly two feet deep, and the telegraph lines are down. From eastern Duchess reports show nearly a foot of

The Missing Opera Manager Fryer Turns Up. LOUISVILLE, January 11 .- J. C. Fryer, th missing opera manager, is reported arrived on one of the evening trains.

Consumption may be prevented by checkequals Dr. Bull's cough syrup for throat and lung affections.

SPECIAL NOTICE. Memphis, Tenn., January 11, 1878.

Memphis, Tenn., January 11, 1878.

To whom it may concern:

JOHN C. FORBES has been relieved as Agent of this Company, at Memphis, Tenn. On and after this date Ed. R. Hart is the only person authorized to sign bills of lading, or make any freights contracts via Evansville and Terre Haute Railroad Company.

E. S. BABCOCK, JR.,

General Freight Agent E. and T. H. R. R.

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine cheering qualities and excellence and lasting char-acter of excetening and favoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plus. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Union & Planters Bank

THE BEST-THE CHEAPEST! The American Soft Capsule Company's **ITALIANS!**

The same correspondent says that the Prince of Montenegro having applied to the Russian headquarters for instructions relative to the armistice, has been informed that he need not send an envoy as the grand duke

The Italians of Memphis, as well as other citizens destring to attend, are respectfully invited to be present at a meeting of condelence for the death of VICTOR EMMANUEL, late King of Italy, to be held at the hall or the Italian society, 260 Second street, at 2½ o'clock SUNDAY EVENING, 13th lost.

J. D. MONTEDONICO, Consular Agent of Italy.

Self-Rising Buckwheat

FOR SALE BY ALL RETAIL GROCERS!

Is made of the very best New York State Buckwheat, pure and fresh. Is always ready, gives no

FIVE MINUTES TIME. Simply by the use of cold water or sweet milk. Always buy the Self-Rising Buckwheat.

trouble, makes good cakes in

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

DIVIDEND NOTICE. OFFICE OF PLANTERS INSURANCE COMPANY, Memphis, Tenn., January 10, 1878.

A T a meeting of the Board of Directors, held today, a dividend of Five Per CENT. was declared upon the capital stock of this Company.

D T. PORTER, President.

JOHN G. LONSDALE, Jr., Secretary.

Dividend Notice. OFFICE OF PHOENIX INSURANCE CO.

MEMPHIS, TENN., January 8, 1878. ors, held to-day, a dividend of six per cent. upon the capital stock of this company was declared, and ordered credited on the stock notes.

H. M. NEELY, President. S. R. CLARKE, Secretary. DIVIDEND NOTICE.

A T a meeting of the Directors of the German National Bank, held this day, a dividend of en per cent. was declared, payable on demand. MARTIN GRIFFIN, Cashler

JOS. M. HENOCHSBERG. COTTON GINNING

COTTON GINNING.

STAR COTTON-GINS No. 68 Union Street. FROM THIS DATE, we will Gin all cotton consigned to our Gins for the Seed, and make No Charge for draying it from the river, or Delivery of same to your merchant, the Seed Alone Pays All Expenses, except your freight. All cotton is covered by insurance while in our hands. Order Sacks and ship only to the Star Gins. Besides having Refitted our ginning establishment with the Latest Improved Gins. Cotton Dusters, Cleaners, and every kind of machinery necessary for ginning cotton, we are prepared to do Better Work, Make a Finer Sample and clean the Seed Closex, than any other gins in the city.

J. V. PATRICK & CO.

The I have this day associated myself with Mr. Jos. M. Henochsberg as a partner to our firm, and now, with increased facilities, will still further try and place the Star Cotton Gin superior to all others October 1. 1877.

J. V. PATRICK & CO.

APERIENT WATER

The GREATEUROPAENNOVELT

HUNYADI JANOS



Dr. J. Marion Sims, New York. "As a laxative, I prefer it to every other mineral water." Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, New York. "The most pleasant and efficient of all purgative Dr. Alfred L. Loomis, New York. "The most prempt and most efficient; specially adapted for dally use."

Dr. Fordyce Barker, New York, "Requires less, is less disagreeable and unpleasant

ble purposes in 1868, with a capital of \$1,000.000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of \$350.000. Its Grand Single Number Distributions will take place mentily on the second Tuesday. It never scales or postgenes. Lock at the following Distribution: CAPITAL PRIZE, \$30,000.

In 15 Numbers.

00,000 Tickets, at \$2 each | Half Tickets... LIST OF PRIZES: Approximation Prizes of \$300.
Approximation Prizes of 200. than any other."

Dr. Lewis A. Sayre, New York. "Presponsible corresponding agents wanted at all inent points, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid. Application for rates to clubs should only be made to the Home Office in New Orleans. Write for further information or send orders to M. A. DAUPHIN, P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La., or at No. 6 West Court st., Memphis All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of Generals G T. BEAUREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY The next drawing occurs Toesday, March 12th.

ferred to any other laxative."

A Wineglassful a Dose.

Every genuine bottle bears the name of The ApolLinaris Co. (limited), London.

FRED'H DE BARY & CO.,

41 and 43 Warren St., New York.

Sole Agents for United States and Canadas.

FOR SALE BY

DEALERS. GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS. DIARIES, 1878. BLANK BOOKS.

OFFICE STATIONERY.

A FULL LINE AND LOW PRICES BY

will leave for St. Louis as soon as he obtains his money. The screetary of the treasury promised to have the matter attended to immodify, so there will be no delay. This payment will make the amount paid about eighten per cent, of the whole, littly requires the cost of the whole, littly requires to cover the cost of the whole, It will require the whole, It will require the cost of the whole, It will require the whole, It will requi DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS.

AND PACKING BOXES!

OFFICE AND YARD: Corner Gayoso and Second Sts. Memphis, - - - Tennessee.

SAW-MILL AND YARD: North Front Street.